

EMERGING ETHICAL CONCERNS IN INFORMATION SYSTEMS

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Abstract— Ethical concerns in information systems were given new urgency to the rise of the internet and digital trading. The Web and digital corporations applied technologies make it less difficult than ever to collect, combine, and distribute information, unleashing new concerns about the proper use of customer know-how, the safety of personal privacy, and the safety of intellectual property. In this paper we will discuss most of the current pressing ethical problems that are a product of modern age and information technology advancement.

Keywords— ethics, information technology, management.

I. INTRODUCTION

ETHICS refers back to the principles of what is correct and what is unsuitable that individuals, appearing as free ethical sellers, use to make choices to guide their behaviors. Know-how methods carry new moral questions for both individuals and societies in view that they invent opportunities for extreme social exchange, and therefore threaten current distributions of energy, money, rights, and obligations. Like other technologies, corresponding to steam engines, electricity, the mobile phone, and the radio, knowledge technology can be utilized to gain social development, but it will also be used to commit crimes and threaten cherished social values [1], [2].

The development of information technological know-how will produce advantages for a lot of and expenses for others. Ethical, social, and political issues are closely linked. The moral hindrance you may also face as a manager of understanding systems most of the time is mirrored in the social and political debate. One method to consider about these relationships is shown in Fig.1. Assume society as a roughly calm pond on a summer season day, a tender ecosystem in partial equilibrium with participants and with social and political institutions. Members understand how to act on this pond considering the fact that social associations (household,

schooling, corporations) have developed good-honed principles of conduct, and these are supported by using laws developed in the political sector that prescribe habits and promise sanctions for violations [3].

II. SPHERES OF ETHICAL DILEMMAS IN INFORMATION SOCIETY

The introduction of new information technology has a ripple effect, raising new ethical, social, and political issues that must be dealt with on the individual, social, and political levels. These issues have five moral dimensions: information rights and obligations, property rights and obligations, system quality, quality of life, and accountability and control [4], [6]. The major ethical, social, and political issues raised by information systems include the following moral dimensions (Fig. 1):

- 1) *Information rights and obligations. What information rights do individuals and organizations possess with respect to themselves? What can they protect?*
- 2) *Property rights and obligations. How will traditional intellectual property rights be protected in a digital society in which tracing and accounting for ownership are difficult and ignoring such property rights is so easy?*
- 3) *Accountability and control. Who can and will be held accountable and liable for the harm done to individual and collective information and property rights?*
- 4) *System quality. What standards of data and system quality should we demand to protect individual rights and the safety of society?*
- 5) *The quality of life. What values should be preserved in information- and knowledge-based society? Which institutions should we protect from violation? Which cultural values and practices are supported by the new information technology.*

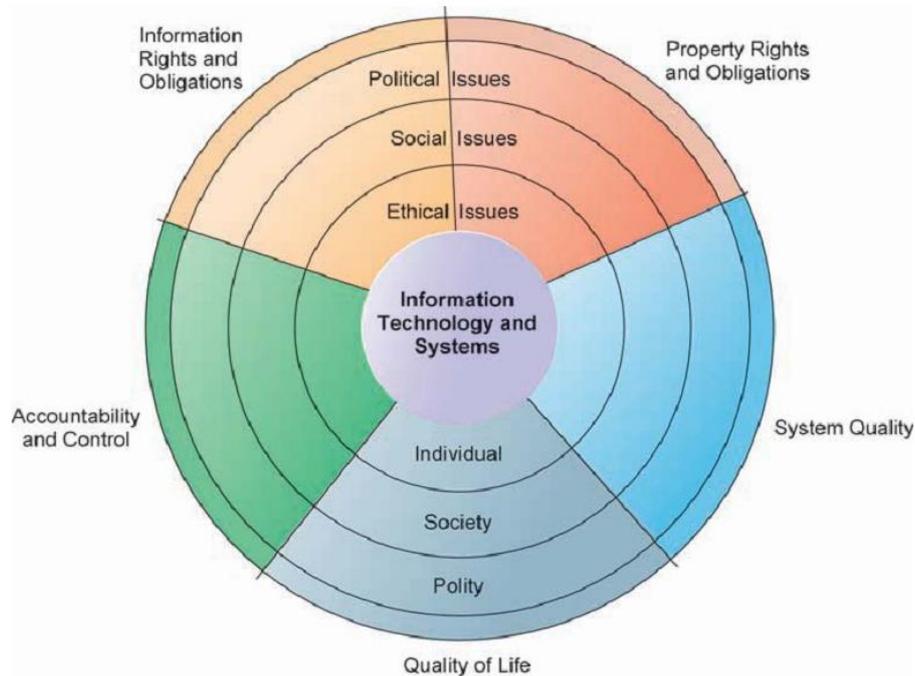


Fig. 1. The relationship between ethical, social, and political issues in an information society

III. TECHNOLOGY TRENDS THAT RAISE ETHICAL CONCERNS

Information technology has heightened ethical concerns, taxed existing social arrangements, and made some laws obsolete or severely crippled. There are several key technological trends responsible for these ethical stresses and they are summarized in Table 1 [7]-[9]. The doubling of computing power every 18 months has made it possible for most organizations to use information systems for their core production processes. As a result, our dependence on systems and our vulnerability to system errors and poor data quality have increased. Social rules and laws have not yet adjusted to this dependence.

TABLE 1
 TECHNOLOGY TRENDS THAT RAISE ETHICAL ISSUES

TREND	IMPACT
Computing power doubles every 18 months	More organizations depend on computer systems for critical operations.
Data storage costs rapidly decline	Organizations can easily maintain detailed databases on individuals.
Data analysis advances	Companies can analyze vast quantities of data gathered on individuals to develop detailed profiles of individual behavior.
Networking advances	Copying data from one location to another and accessing personal data from remote locations are much easier.
Mobile device growth Impact	Individual cell phones may be tracked without user consent or knowledge.

The doubling of computing power each 18 months has made it viable for many organizations to make use of expertise programs for their core production approaches.

For this reason, our dependence on systems and our vulnerability to process mistakes and bad knowledge great have increased. Social principles and laws have not yet adjusted to this dependence [10]- [12].

Advances in information storage systems and speedily declining storage bills have been dependable for the multiplying databases on individuals-workers, purchasers, and capabilities customers maintained with the aid of confidential and public companies. These advances in knowledge storage have made the routine violation of individual privateness each inexpensive and robust. A huge knowledge storage programs equipped with working with terabytes of data are cheap sufficient for significant businesses to use in deciding upon customers.

Advances in data evaluation techniques for colossal swimming pools of information are a further technological pattern that heightens ethical considerations seeing that businesses and govt corporations are equipped to discover totally certain individual knowledge about members. With today's data management instruments, companies can assemble and combine the myriad pieces of knowledge about you saved on computer systems way more quite simply than in the past [13].

Consider of all the approaches you generate computer knowledge about yourself credit card purchases, mobile phone calls, magazine subscriptions, video rentals, mail-order purchases, banking records, regional, state, and federal executive records (including courtroom and police files), and visits to internet sites. Put together and mined adequately, this know-how could divulge not only your credit information but also your riding habits, your

tastes, your associations, what you read and watch, and your political interests [14].

Companies with merchandise to buy relevant information from these sources to support them more finely target their advertising campaigns. Organizations can analyze large swimming pools of knowledge from

multiple sources to quickly determine shopping patterns of buyers and advocate man or woman responses. The usage of desktops to combine information from more than one sources and create digital dossiers of distinctive information on members is referred to as profiling.

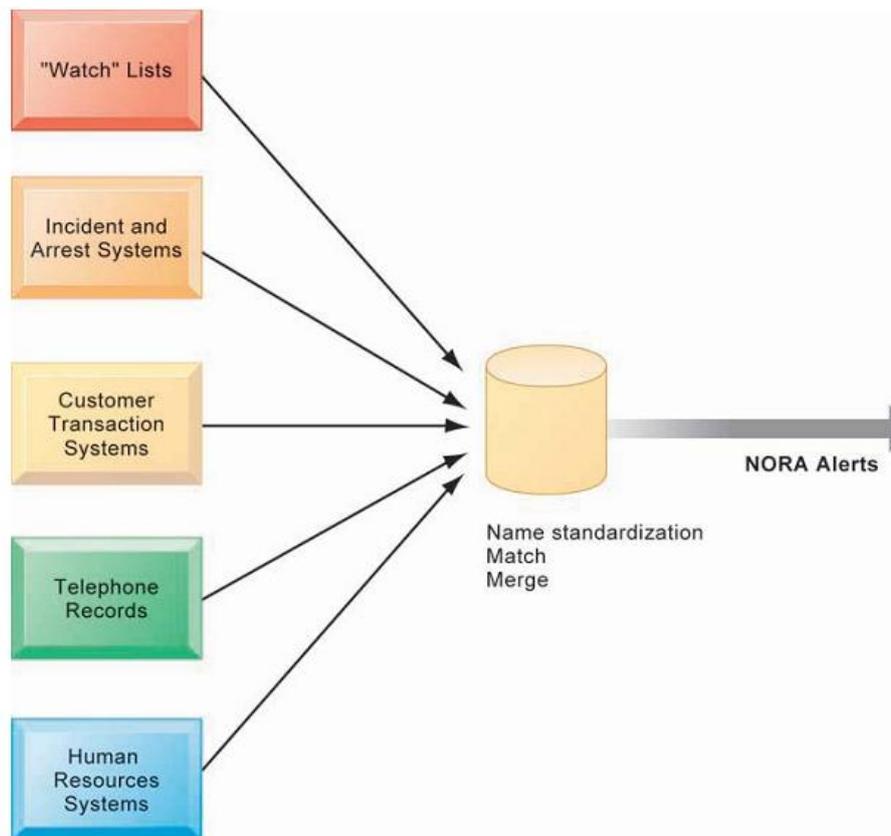


Fig. 2. Nonobvious relationship awareness (NORA) [15]

A brand new knowledge evaluation technological know-how known as nonobvious relationship realization (NORA) has given both the federal government and the private sector much more powerful profiling capabilities. NORA can take know-how about people from many disparate sources, corresponding to employment purposes, mobile records, client listings, and “wanted” lists, and correlate relationships to search out imprecise hidden connections that could help identify criminals or terrorists (Fig 3). NORA technology scans data and extracts information as the data are being generated so that it might, for example, immediately realize a person at an airline ticket counter who shares a mobile quantity with a recognized terrorist before that man or woman boards an airplane. The technology is considered a useful software for homeland security but does have privateness implications seeing that it can furnish the sort of distinct photograph of the movements and associations of a single man or woman [16].

A few thousand of the most well-known web sites enable DoubleClick (owned by way of Google), an

internet advertising dealer, to monitor the activities of their visitors in trade for sales from commercials founded on visitor know-how DoubleClick gathers.

DoubleClick uses this know-how to create a profile of each and every online tourist, including more element to the profile as the visitor accesses an related DoubleClick website online. Over time, DoubleClick can create a distinct file of a man or woman’s spending and computing habits on the internet that is sold to corporations to support them target their internet advertisements more precisely.

IV. IDENTIFYING ETHICAL CONCERNS IN AN INFORMATION SOCIETY

Ethical picks are choices made by participants who are dependable for the penalties of their actions [17] (Fig. 3.). Responsibility is a key element of moral motion. Responsibility means that you accept the competencies bills, obligations, and obligations for the choices you make.

Accountability is a characteristic of methods and social institutions: It signifies that mechanisms are in place to investigate who took in charge action, and who is dependable. Systems and associations where it's unimaginable to find out who took what action are inherently incapable of moral analysis or ethical motion.

Due process is a related characteristic of legislation-governed societies and is a procedure in which legal guidelines are identified and understood, and there may be a capability to enchantment to better authorities to be certain that the legal guidelines are utilized effectively.

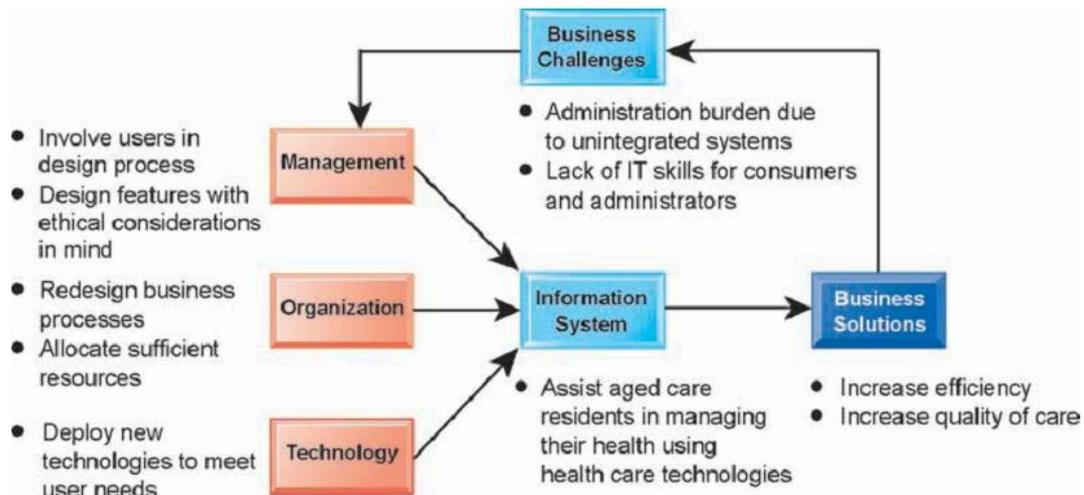


Fig 3. Ethical concerns in information technology [17]

These normal standards kind the underpinning of a moral evaluation of expertise systems and those that manipulate them. First, expertise applied sciences are filtered by means of social associations, firms, and contributors. Methods do not need impacts through themselves.

Anything expertise approach influences exist are merchandise of institutional, organizational, and person actions and behaviors. Second, accountability for the penalties of technological know-how falls obviously on the associations, firms, and person managers who prefer to use the science. Utilizing knowledge technological know-how in a socially dependable method that you could and will likely be held accountable for the penalties of your moves. Third, in a moral, political society, contributors and others can recuperate damages finished to them by way of a suite of legal guidelines characterized with the aid of due approach [18].

Following five-step procedure can be utilized to establish ethical problems:

determine and describe the data evidently. Discover who did what to whom, and the place, when, and how.

Define the conflict or dilemma and determine the higher-order values involved. Ethical, social, and political disorders continually reference greater values.

Identify the stakeholders. Each moral, social, and political hindrance has stakeholders: avid gamers within the sport who have a curiosity in the effect, who've invested within the challenge, and quite often who've vocal opinions.

Establish the options you could reasonably take. You may find that not one of the choices satisfy the entire

interests involved, but that some choices do a greater job than others.

Identify the expertise penalties of your options. Some options could also be ethically proper however disastrous from different facets of view.

Privateness is the claim of contributors to be left on my own, free from surveillance or interference from different individuals or organizations, including the state. Claims to privateness are also involved at the office: millions of staff are subject to digital and different varieties of excessive-tech surveillance. Know-how technology and programs threaten character claims to privacy through making the invasion of privacy cheap, beneficial, and mighty.

Most American and European privacy regulation is established under a regime known as reasonable knowledge Practices (FIP) first set forth in a document written in 1973 by means of a federal executive advisory committee and updated most just lately in 2010 to consider new privacy-invading information systems [18].

European international locations do not allow organizations to use for my part identifiable knowledge without shoppers' prior consent. On October 25, 1998, the European commission's Directive on data protection went into influence, broadening privacy security within the European Union (EU) nations. The directive requires organizations to inform individuals after they gather expertise about them and expose how it's going to be stored and used. Buyers have got to furnish their informed consent before any manufacturer can legally use information about them, and they have got proper to access that expertise, right it, and request that no

additional data be accrued.

Cookies are small text documents deposited on a PC through pressure when a person visits internet sites. Cookies identify the visitor web browser application and monitor visits to the web page. When the visitor returns to a website online that has stored a cookie, the website software will search the visitor PC, find the cookie, and be aware of what that individual has finished previously. It may also update the cookie, relying on the recreation in the course of the consult with. On this method, the website can customize its content material for each and every visitor's pursuits (Fig. 4.)

Internet sites making use of cookie science can not immediately receive viewers' names and addresses. However, if an individual has registered at a site, that

understanding can be mixed with cookie data to identify the visitor. Site house owners can also combine the info they have got gathered from cookies and other website monitoring instruments with private data from different sources, comparable to offline information gathered from surveys or paper catalog purchases, to boost very special profiles of their viewers.

Internet science has posed new challenges for the safeguard of person privacy. Knowledge dispatched over this enormous community of networks may move by means of many distinct computer techniques earlier than it reaches its final vacation spot [19]. Each and every of these methods is ready of monitoring, shooting, and storing communications that cross by way of it.

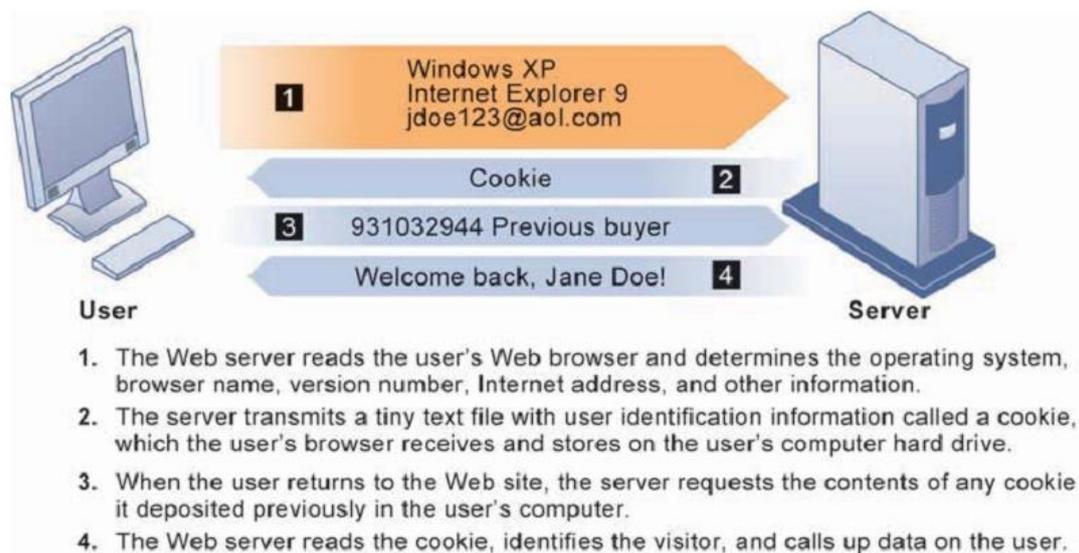


Fig. 4. How cookies collect private data

Web beacons, also called *Web bugs* (or simply "tracking files"), are small application programs that maintain a report of users' online clickstream and document this information again to whomever owns the monitoring file invisibly embedded in email messages and websites which can be designed to monitor the conduct of the person journeying a website or sending email. Internet beacons are placed on trendy websites via third-social gathering firms who pay the websites a rate for entry to their audience [20].

Different spyware can secretly set up itself on an internet consumer's computer by means of piggybacking on higher functions. Once set up, the spyware calls out to websites to send banner commercials and other unsolicited material to the person, and it can record the person's movements on the web to other desktops.

Computer abuse is the commission of acts involving a computer that might not be illegal but that are viewed unethical. The fame of the internet and electronic mail has turned one type of computer abuse spamming into a major situation for each contributor and companies.

Spam is junk email sent by way of an organization or person to a mass audience of web customers who've expressed no curiosity in the product or service being marketed. Spammers are inclined to market pornography, fraudulent deals and services, outright scams, and different products now not largely authorized in most civilized societies. Some international locations have passed laws to outlaw spamming or to restrict its use. In us, it is nonetheless authorized if it does no longer contain fraud and the sender and field of the electronic mail are properly identified.

V. CONCLUSION

Information technology is introducing alterations for which legal guidelines and ideas of desirable behavior have now not yet been developed. Increasing computing energy, storage, and networking capabilities together with the web expand the reach of person and organizational actions and magnify their impacts. The benefit and anonymity with which know-how is now

communicated, copied, and manipulated in on-line environments pose new challenges to the protection of privateness and mental property. The major ethical, social, and political issues raised by using expertise techniques middle around knowledge rights and responsibilities, property rights and responsibilities, accountability and manipulate, system quality, and quality of life.

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